Chairman Michels convened the meeting at 7:45 p.m.

- ROLL CALL: Nazarian, Gifford, Mazarra, Lundquist and Dreher. Absent: Halden, Moe and Lyall - excused absence. Lyall, Moe, and Forsblad.
- 1. MINUTES: December 28, 1981 M/S/P Dreher/Gifford to approve the minutes of December 28, 1981. Motion carried 4-0-2 Mazarra and Michels abstained.
- PUBLIC HEARING AMENIMENT TO ZONING ORDINANCE TO PROVIDE FOR NOMINAL 10'S AND NOMINAL 40'S: Chairman Michels opened the hearing at 8:00 p.m. Val Parranto was the only

public in the audience for the hearing.

Administrator reviewed what the amendment proposes to change. He then explained the County's policy and the policy of surrounding communities regarding nominal 5's, 10's, etc. He briefed the Commission on the Council's action, denying the variance request for Dayton-Hudson and their reasons. Commission discussion included the following comments: -- Lundquist - without the nominal 10's and 40's it would make it impossible

for someone with a nominal 80 to split their property in half.

-- Whittaker - different for 1 1/2 acre lots, where total land area exclusive of right-of-way is necessary to provide adequate area for septic, drainfied, set-backs. etc.

-- Val Parranto - one acre will be taken out for right-of-way on the Dayton Hudson parcel.

-- Lundquist - reviewed Baytown's Comp Plan section that proposes a 10% leeway to allow for 40 acre tracts that are not exactly 40 acres because of road right-of-way and so forth.

--Gifford - does not see anything wrong with a 10% provision. -- Lundquist - a 40 acre parcel is seldem exactly 40 acres - the section is never 5,280 feet on each side. Adjustments always being made - better tools for measuring. The north end of all townships are either more or less. Along Highway 36 there is an extra 3 acres - in other townships may be short along their north boundary. 40 acres is 1/4 of 1/4 - not 40 acres, approximately

ho acres. -Gifford - has no problem with a nominal 10 or nominal 40 based on Baytowis policy, the County's policy and Lundquists explanation. --Whittaker - conveyed the Council's finding that there is no hardship for Dayton Hudson providing the necessary total land area - they have adequate

land to meet the ordinance. In dividing up a 40 acre parcel the first lot is no problem - problem will come when the whole percel is planned or platting off the permitted number of lots. Would need 10-40's or 400 acres in order to plat true 10 acre parcels exclusive of right-of-way.

--Parranto - Dayton-Hudson looking at their land in 40 acre parcels - looking to sell in 40 acre parcels.

-- Lundquist - in some cases the r-o-w is an easement and the title is still in the name of the property owner - in this case can consider the r-o-w.

--Whittaker - ordinance interprets easements the same as deeded r-o-w. --Lundquist - this will also cause a problem for legal descriptions

--Whittaker - going to allow 7 lots per 40, if clustered - not going to increase density significantly.

-Michels - can see the need for total land area in 1 1/2 aere lots , but sees no problem with permitting right-of-way in 10 and 40 acre lots. Chairman Michels closed the hearing at 8:40 p.m.

Michels/Mazarra to recommend amending the Zoning Ordinance to provide M/S/ that lots of 10 acres or more be permitted to include up to 10% variation of land area because of either road right-of-way or survey adjustments. This recommendation was based on the following reasons:



## City of Lake Elmo

777-5510

P. O. Box J / Thirty-third and Laverne Avenue / Lake Elmo, Minnesota 55042

MEMO

TO: The Planning Commission

CC: City Council, Admin.

FR: Larry Whittaker DT: Jan. 11, 1982

RE: Amendments to 1979 City Code - Zoning and Subdivision Ordinance

While other amendments have been suggested to the City Code, those amendments to the Zoning and Subdivision Ordinance are of principal concern to the Planning Commission. Therefore, I will summarize just those issue relating to these ordinances in this Memo.

The following sections of the Code have been questioned or have created problems since the Code was adopted in 1979:

ZONING ORDI	INANCE	
Page	Section	Item/Comment
300–3	301.040	5. Definition of AG Building - this is loose enough to permit things only marginally related to AG to be stored on premises. Same problem occurs in
300–29	(9	(5) where we define (permit) open sales lots of products reltated to AG; and
300-72	and an unlimit so long as sai wide open for business. We better, and li	a. where we permit 1000 sq. ft. of building on parcels under 10 acres; 2000 sq. ft. of building on parcels of 10-20 acres; ed number of sq. ft. and buildings on parcels over 20 acres, d buildings are "agricultural buildings". It leaves this interpretation on things like Hanson's CUP and Klawitter's should define AG better, AG buildings and uses of them mit the number of AG buildingsperhaps at the same ratio ated for parcels under 10 acres. Farm rural has a fairly on
300–22	when we must p read this sect	We often complain that requiring the Commission to call the hearing unreasonably delays some applications, especially publish notice after the Commission calls the hearing. Please ion to see if you think it is unreasonable.
300–25 300–24		Same concern.  c. Talked of adding a provision for renewal of CUPs without requiring notice, hearing, Commission action. As a practical e always renewed them this way, if they are unchanged from
300–28	previous year. to Commission 301.060 F. 2. matter, all ar	When they are changed, amended, expanded; they always go for hearing and recommendation.  Should site and building plan review by Commission and Council be mandatory rather than optional. As a preatical referred to the Council, at least. Many of these matters of taste and discretion; so, I think they properly belong in

the domain of the Commission and Council - not with the staff.

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Page	Section I	tem/Comment
300–30		. We are reviewing the policy on nominal 40s that would mend this section.
300-31	301.070 D. 1. e.	(5) (b) The minimum frontage used to be 300 feet. Strong obbying by Brain Crombie got it reduced to 125 feet. This ome very long narrow parcels in the Ag zone. Do you want
	to reconsider th	
		(6) Should read "indicated" where it says "dedicated", s this land is NOT dedicated to the public. It is simply
	not subdividable	. Same problem in
300-33	301.070 D. 2. e.	(6) under Rural Residential
300–32		We are considering nominal 10s tonight, also, which ould amend this section.
300-34		(2) Should say 125 feet of frontage on a public street
)00 · )#	jg jg	wilt to City standards and accepted by the City Council
		nd the same thing in
300–35	301,070 D. 4. c.	(2) for R2 zone
300-36	301.070 D. 6. c.	(1) for R 4 zone (4) should say Convenience Business, a type. from previous
300–35	9. 9. 10 P. D. D. D.	rafts of Ordinance. Multiple family dwellings should
	r	ead "mobile home parks"/ this was drafted for two sections;
	D'	ut was typed wrong, too.
300-37	301.070 D. 6.d.(	5) same correctionshould read "Convenience Business"
300 <del>-,</del> 40	301.070 D. 7. a.	(10) we are considering adding "Truck Repair" to the ist of uses permitted by CUP.
300-42	301.070. D. 7. d	. (3) Screening is not well defined. How many trees,
J00 4A	p.	ushes, how big, how wide. Same problem with buffer areas
		$\mathbf{n}_{ij}$ , $i$
300-43	301.070 D. 8. d.	(3)
300-45 300-74	301.070 D. 9. d. 301.130. E. 4. f	(3) and, under parking islands in back of code
300-48	Shoreland Ordina	nce is suppose to require compliance with WPC-40 for
J00 40	0	n-site sewers, once the City adopts a sewer regulation
		hat includes it.
		his Ordinance should also have a statement that the
	ລີ	trictest provision of the City Code prevails where there is discrepancy between the Shoreland Ordinance and another
		ection of the Zoning Ordinance.
	Page two of the	Shoreland Ordinance, Section 301.070 E. 2. c. (1) should
	read analysis of	actual or representative lake levels - NOT analysis "or"/
300–55		hould include recreational facilities after common open
300–63	5. a 1000 to 3	pace and open space ( (1) It is suppose to say Development Stage plan, not
JUU <b>-</b> 0J		tate.
300-72	301.130 C 14 c.	as added by amendment, should have a maximum size accessory
	b	uilding for parcels under 20,000 sq. ft., as we state a
	m	aximum of 1,000 sq. ft. for parcels over 20,000 feet. It
300-71	301.130 C. 9. C	an be the size of the principal building up to 1,000 sq. ft. ommission recommended we eliminate need for Variance in
JUU-1 T		his instance as the Code is clear on when garage may be
	1	ocated in front of the principal building.
300-77	301.130. Г. 4.	Again, we need to define screening better.

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In all Zoning Districts, perhaps we should clarify the rule on one acre of dry land suitable for a septic tank and drainfield so that it is clear that all lots have to have an acre of dry land and that the drainfields have to be adequate for a three bedroom home.

## SUBDIVISION ORDINANCE

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Page	Section	Item/Comment
400–15	401.250	E. Should stipulate that plats should also be prepared on a reproducable material at 1 inch equals 400 feet
400–16	401.260	scale; so they can be put on the over-all City plat map.  Need to clarify several things. First, we should limit the number of times a person can subdivide by Simple Lot Division. We should require dedication of appropriate road right-of-way and improvements to the road and drainage if they are not improved to City standards. We should consider requiring park donation. We should require the Certificate of survey when subdivided, not when building permit comes in. We should require an over-all plan for the entire parcel, to scale, before approving Simple Lot Divisions. These have become a neat way of avoiding the Subdivision Ordinance, when they were intended to simplify matters for those who may want to adjust a lot line of divide one small parcel one time. We might just use most
		of the Large Lot Subdivision procedure for Simple Lots.
400–31	401.390 D	Might want to add some requirement for Street Lights more specifically. Larry Bohrer is getting some standards from NSP. He will make a recommendation on this.
<b>4</b> 00 <b>-</b> 38	402	Cimarron residents have raised concern that mobile home parks do not generally have adequate protection from high winds and tornados. We may want to find out want other communities require for shelter. Shelters could be very expensive; so, we should not treat this lightly.
400-43	402.180	Should have smae language as State statuterequire an attendant in charge at all times, not in attendance. It is probably adequate to have a phone number where a responsible person can be reached at all times. Presently, if Mike Ahrens cannot be reached, residents may call the Sheriff. There is a maintenance man in Cimarron who lives there. But, obviously, he is not always in attendance.